

#### GEORGE

TEL: +27 (0) 44 873 4923 FAX: +27 (0) 44 874 5953 EMAIL: info@sescc.net WEBSITE: www.sescc.net ADDRESS: Unit 17 Cathedral Square, Cathedral Street, George, 6530 PO BOX: 9087, George, 6530

#### **CAPE TOWN**

TEL: +27 (0) 21 554 5195 FAX: +27 (0) 86 575 2869 EMAIL: betsy@sescc.net WEBSITE: www.sescc.net ADDRESS: Tableview, Cape Town, 7441 PO BOX: 443. Milnerton, 7435

# SITE SENSITIVITY VERIFICATION REPORT

# FOR THE

PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF THE N7 VISSERSHOK WEIGHBRIDGE ON FARM 153 VISSERSHOK OUTSPAN, MORNING STAR 25/141 AND MORNING STAR RE/141 (C1038: UPGRADING OF TR11/1), CITY OF CAPE TOWN MUNICIPALITY, WESTERN CAPE PROVINCE.



APPLICANT: WESTERN CAPE GOVERNMENT: DEPARTMENT OF INFRASTRUCTURE

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANT: SHARPLES ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES CC

Author: BETSY DITCHAM (EAPASA REG: 1480) and Contributing

Author: JESSICA GOSSMAN (EAPASA REG: 6154).

**SES REFERENCE NUMBER:** 26/SSVR/08/25

**DEADP REFERENCE:** 16/3/3/1/A1/41/3042/25

DATE: August 2025



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments

#### CONTENTS

1.	INT	RODUCTION	4
i	1.1.	Description of the proposed activity	6
2.	FIN	DINGS OF THE SCREENING TOOL	6
2	2.1.	Wind and solar developments	7
2	2.2.	Environmental Management Frameworks	7
2	2.3.	Relevant Development Incentives, Restrictions, Exclusions or Prohibitions	7
2	2.4.	Environmental Sensitivities	7
3.	SITE	E VERIFICATION	8
3	3.1.	Agriculture	8
3	3.2.	Landscape & Visual Impact	11
3	3.3.	Animal Species.	11
3	3.4.	Aquatic Biodiversity	17
3	3.5.	Geotechnical Assessment	18
3	3.6.	Socio-Economic Assessment	18
3	3. <i>7</i> .	Ambient Air Quality	19
3	3.8.	Archaeological and Cultural Heritage	19
3	3.9.	Palaeontology	20
3	3.10.	Noise Impact	23
3	3.11.	Traffic Impact	23
3	3.12.	Civil Aviation	24
3	3.13.	Defence	25
3	3.14.	Plant Species	27
3	3.15.	Terrestrial Biodiversity	44
4.	SUA	MMARY OF APPLICABLE SPECIALIST STUDIES	51
5	CO	NCHISION	52





#### LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. Existing Vissershok Weighbridge	. 4
Figure 2. Proposed preferred and final layout 5.	
Figure 3. The Demolition plan for the existing weighbridge facility after the new weighbridge	is
established	
Figure 4: Relative Agricultural Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	. 9
Figure 5: Proposed site landscape status quo	10
Figure 6: Photo depicting the natural landscape	
Figure 7. Relative Animal Species Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	
Figure 8: Tortoise observed near the proposed site	
Figure 9: Unidentified burrower evidence within the proposed site	
Figure 10.Spatial locations of the different mammal species recorded within the study area,	
(Dr Visser, 2023).	
Figure 11. Spatial Representation of the SEI for the preferred layout 5	17
Figure 12. Relative Aquatic Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	18
Figure 13: Relative Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	
Figure 14: Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity – Layout 5	21
Figure 15: SAHRIS PalaeoSensitivity Map for the proposed weighbridge	22
Figure 16: Civil Aviation Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	24
Figure 17: Proposed weighbridge to Morningstar Airfield – Layout 5	
Figure 18: Defence Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	
Figure 19. DFFE Screening Tool Map of the study area within Medium Sensitivity for Defence	
Theme (DFFE, 2025)	27
Figure 20: Plant Species Theme Map – Layout 5	28
Figure 21: Vegetation map for all layoutts, (SANBI VegMap, 2018)	41
Figure 22: AIV coverage on the fence line and within the anticipated weighbridge area	42
Figure 23: Vegetation coverage within the anticipated weighbridge area	42
Figure 24: Shrubs observed on the day of site assessment.	43
Figure 25. The proposed development footprint avoiding high botanical sensitivity	44
Figure 26: Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5	45
Figure 27: National Vegetation Map 2024, featuring all layouts examined (Cape Farm	
Mapper, 2025)	46
Figure 28: AIV coverage on the fence line and within the anticipated weighbridge area	47
Figure 29: Vegetation coverage within the anticipated weighbridge area	47
Figure 30: Shrubs were observed on the day of the site assessment	48
Figure 31. The proposed preferred Layout 5 layout - Critical Biodiversity and Ecological	
Support Areas. (Cape Farm Mapper, 2025).	48
Figure 32. The proposed preferred layout Layout 5 Ecological Threat Status. (Cape Farm	
Mapper, 2025)	
Figure 33. Mapped Cape West Coast Biosphere Reserve. (Cape Farm Mapper, 2025)	50
Figure 34. The City of Cape Town BioNet data (Helme, 2023)	50
LIST OF TABLES	
Table 1: Property Details of Proposed Development Location for Layout 5:	. 6
Table 2: Wind and Solar Developments within 30 km of the Proposed Development Areas for	
Layout 5:	
Table 3: Summary of Specialist Assessments Identified:	
Table 4: The names of the layouts that have been assessed by the various specialists within	
the specialist reports are as follows and are mentioned in the Site Sensitivity Verification	
Report:	. 8



<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments



# 1. INTRODUCTION

# THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF THE N7 VISSERSHOK WEIGHBRIDGE ON FARM 153 VISSERSHOK OUTSPAN (C1038: UPGRADING OF TR11/1), CITY OF CAPE TOWN MUNICIPALITY, WESTERN CAPE

Sharples Environmental Services cc (SES) has been appointed by Hatch South Africa (Pty) Ltd on behalf of the Western Cape Government: Department of Infrastructure to undertake the environmental assessment in accordance with the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act 107 of 1998), as amended, and the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations of 2014, as amended (GNR 326 of 2017), for the proposed relocation and construction of the N7 Vissershok Weighbridge (C1038: upgrading of TR11/1).

At present, there is an operational weighbridge along the N7 northbound (**Figure 1**). The proposed relocated weighbridge will be predominantly located on a portion of Farm Vissershok Outspan 153, City of Cape Town (CoCT) Municipality, Western Cape. Sections of the proposed weighbridge site, such as service roads, are located on Farm Morningstar 25/141 and a portion of Morningstar RE/141. Two other layout locations have been assessed for the proposed weighbridge. During the site sensitivity verification, an area of "High Conservation Value" Cape Flats Sand Fynbos was noted by the Botanical Specialist in the central portion of the site. Given the conservation importance of this vegetation type, three additional layouts have been assessed in conjunction with the originally proposed layouts. Engineering and environmental considerations have been proposed, with multiple design layouts that have been considered. However, Alternative 5 (layout 5) has been selected as the final design for implementation (**Figure 2**).



Figure 1. Existing Vissershok Weighbridge.





Figure 2. Proposed preferred and final layout 5.

The intention is to establish the new Vissershok Weighbridge approximately 600 m north of the existing site, followed by the demolition of the existing weighbridge and rehabilitation of that site. This proposal aligns with a larger ongoing road works programme.to accommodate the N7 Van Schoorsdrift diamond interchange, to the south of the existing site, which was approved on 13 April 2022, DEADP Ref.: 14/3/1/11A1/16/0564/21. The new proposed project will help improve road safety along the route.

The proposed Vissershok weighbridge will include the main weighbridge structure, offices, parking areas, fencing and relevant service connections (water, sewer and electricity infrastructure) and connecting service roads. It will also include a weigh-in-motion station along the southbound corridor of the N7.

#### **ENGINEERING INPUT (PLANNED INFRASTRUCTURE)**

#### Administration Block

It is envisaged that provision would be made for an administration block similar to the existing one at the existing facility. An assessment will be carried out of the current facility in the detail design stage to ascertain whether any further improvements to the layout of the office block should be included in the new facility, such as the use of solar power.

#### Weighbridge Holding Area

Currently there is a gravelled holding area, which has a demarcated concrete block paved area, for the transfer and or re-packing of goods for vehicles that exceed the axle weight limitations. At this stage it is not envisaged to plan for anything larger or smaller.

#### Weighbridge

It is proposed that a totally new weighbridge with the latest technology and electronics be installed. It is further proposed that provision be made for a 3,2m wide scale similar to the existing scale.

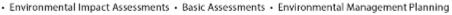
#### Weigh-in Motion Facilities

It is proposed that weigh-in-motion facilities be installed in both the southbound and northbound directions.

#### Weighbridge Facility Access Road Layout

The proposed layout of the roadworks for the weighbridge facility is presented in Annexure K. The weigh-in-motion facility, in the south bound direction, has been shifted further north (compared to the previous scheme) to avoid having to provide an auxiliary lane between the weigh-in-motion facility and the N7-southbound on ramp and off ramp of the Van Schoorsdrift Interchange.

The detailed design by the engineers (Hatch) has been included within Appendix M.



<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



The demolition of the existing weighbridge is illustrated in the engineering drawing below. This drawing will also be included in Appendix M. All demolition materials will be reused whenever possible or disposed of at a licensed landfill site.



# 1.1. Description of the proposed activity

Table 1: Property Details of Proposed Development Location for Layout 5:

No	Farm Name	Farm/ Erf	Portion	Latitude	Longitude	Property
		No				Туре
1	VISSERSHOK	153	0	33°45'57.84S	18°32'46.61E	Farm
	OUTSPAN					
2	morning star	141	0	33°44'31.35S	18°32'16.54E	Farm
3	MORNING STAR	141	0	33°44'11.59S	18°32'28.25E	Farm Portion
4	MORNING STAR	141	25	33°45'4.79S	18°32'41.49E	Farm Portion
5	MORNING STAR	141	0	33°44'13.12S	18°32'27.62E	Farm Portion
6	VISSERSHOK	153	0	33°45'57.84S	18°32'46.61E	Farm Portion
	OUTSPAN					

Department of Infrastructure proposes to construct a new weighbridge approximately 600 m from the existing Vissershok weighbridge as part of larger road works planned on this section of the N7 (that has already been authorised). The proposed development will be located on a portion of Farm 153 Vissershok Outspan, Farm 141 Morning Star Portion 25 and Farm 141 Morning Star Remaining Portion, City of Cape Town (CoCT) Municipality, Western Cape.

# 2. FINDINGS OF THE SCREENING TOOL

The National Sector Classification Category selected to produce the Screening Tool Report for Layout 5, dated 8 January 2025, and revised on the 22nd of August 2025:

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

# 2.1. Wind and solar developments

Table 2 below indicates the wind and solar developments with an approved Environmental Authorisation or Application under consideration within 30km of the proposed development area.

Table 2: Wind and Solar Developments within 30 km of the Proposed Development Areas for Layout 5:

No	EIA Reference No	Classification	Status of	Distance from proposed
			application	area (km)
1	12/12/20/2638/AM2	Wind	Approved	26.5
2	12/12/20/2109/AM1	Solar PV	Approved	21.5
3	12/12/20/2638/AM3	Wind	Approved	26.5
4	12/12/20/2109/AM2	Solar PV	Approved	21.5
5	12/12/20/2638	Wind	Approved	26.5
6	12/12/20/2109	Solar PV	Approved	21.5
7	12/12/20/2109/AM3	Solar PV	Approved	21.5

## 2.2. Environmental Management Frameworks

No intersections with EMF areas were found.

# 2.3. Relevant Development Incentives, Restrictions, Exclusions or Prohibitions

The following development incentives, restrictions, exclusions, or prohibitions apply to the proposed site and are indicated in the figure below:

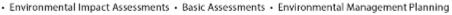
- Strategic Transmission Corridors: According to the data obtained from the DFFE, the proposed developments will be located within the Central corridor.
- Strategic Gas Pipeline Corridors-Phase 1a & 1b: Saldanha to Ankerlig and Saldanha to Mossel Bay.
- South African Conservation Areas.

#### 2.4. Environmental Sensitivities

The following summary of the development footprint environmental sensitivities is identified by the screening report (Table 3). Only the highest sensitivity is indicated. The environmental sensitivities for the proposed development footprint identified by the screening report are <u>only indicative</u> and must be verified on-site by a suitably qualified person before the specialist assessments identified below can be confirmed.

Table 3: Summary of Specialist Assessments Identified:

Theme	Very High sensitivity	High sensitivity	Medium sensitivity	Low sensitivity
Agriculture Theme		X		
Animal Species Theme		Х		
Aquatic Biodiversity Theme				Х
Archaeological and				Х
Cultural Heritage Theme				
Civil Aviation (Solar PV)		X		
Theme				



<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Defense Theme			Х	
Paleontology Theme				X
Plant Species Theme		X		
Terrestrial Biodiversity	Х			
Theme				

# 3. SITE VERIFICATION

The site inspection and verification were conducted on March 29, 2023, by EAPs Mrs Betsy Ditcham, Ms, Ameesha Sanker and Mr John Geary.

As part of due diligence, the EAPs and engineers involved in the project have explored and assessed various alternative layouts. While only Layout 5 is proposed for development, the environmental attributes of previous alternative layouts were considered by specialists and are referenced where relevant to provide context and support the planning and design process.

Table 4: The names of the layouts that have been assessed by the various specialists within the specialist reports are as follows and are mentioned in the Site Sensitivity Verification Report:

Layouts	Layout	Layout 2		Layout 3		Layout 4	Layout 5
	1						
Specialist No	me for the	e following lay	out	:			
Agriculture:	No name	e changes to l	ayc	outs.			
Botanical	Layout	Layout	2	Layout	3	Not assessed	Study Area/
	1 (May	(Option 5a)		(Option 5b)		by specialists	Layout 1 (March
	2023						2025 Report)
	Report)						
Terrestrial	Layout	Layout	2	Layout	3	Not assessed	Layout 4 (Option
Faunal and	1	(Option 5A)		(Option 5B)		by specialist	5C)
Avi-Faunal							
Heritage No name changes, area assessed.							

#### 3.1. Agriculture

**Screening Tool**: The report indicates that the land capability is medium to high, resulting in a **High** sensitivity rating and recommends that an Agricultural Impact Assessment be conducted.

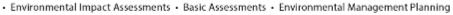








Figure 4: Relative Agricultural Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5

#### **Sensitivity Features:**

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
High	Land capability;09. Moderate-High/10. Moderate-High
Medium	Land capability;06. Low-Moderate/07. Low-Moderate/08. Moderate

Observation by the EAP: As shown within the above agriculture screening tool themes for all layouts, there is no evidence of agricultural crops or past evidence of such a land use within the proposed site or on adjacent properties. However, some farm portions to the east of the N7 are utilised for livestock and crop cultivation. According to Cape Farm Mapper (2023), the Land Type is classified as Bb42 with Plinthic catena soils (dystrophic and/or mesotrophic; red soils not widespread, upland duplex and margalitic soils rare), with Land Capability considered as moderate (8/15) with a low-moderate Soil Capability. The land is predominantly flat – lowly undulating and contains mostly grassland with scattered shrubs and various alien invasive plant and tree species. Furthermore, the land is zoned as 'agricultural' in conjunction with 'transport'. It should be noted that only one small area is mapped as High sensitivity, and this area is found within the existing N7 road reserve.

Considering these factors, an appropriately registered SACNASP Professional - agricultural specialist, will be appointed to undertake a site verification and **Compliance Statement**.

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning



Figure 5: Proposed site landscape status quo



Figure 6: Photo depicting the natural landscape



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments

An appropriately registered SACNASP Professional - agricultural specialist will be appointed to undertake a site verification and **Compliance Statement**.

**Specialist recommendation:** In June 2023, agriculture specialist Johan Lanz conducted a Site Sensitivity Verification and Compliance statement. The findings indicated that the development area is located within an agricultural production zone, and will lead to minimal loss of both current production and of future agricultural production potential. The specialist did not make any recommendations and concluded that the proposed development should be approved.

On January 29, 2025, Johan Lanz of Soil ZA updated the report, confirming that there were no changes. It has been concluded that the proposed development would result in the loss of approximately 3 hectares of grazing land, which would represent a **minimal loss** of agricultural production potential within the proposed farm area.

**Conclusion:** Based on the comments from the EAP and specialist the proposed project may be considered from an agricultural perspective. The EAP recommends that the sensitivity from the Screening Tool be changed from high to **Medium sensitivity** and that no further action be taken. Furthermore, the Department of Agriculture will be included as an I&AP during the Public Participation process.

## 3.2. Landscape & Visual Impact

**Observation by the EAP:** This protocol is not relevant to the proposed project as it is anticipated that the proposed weighbridge will be located immediately adjacent to and between the N7 national road, and it is expected to replace the established weighbridge located 600 m south of the proposed site. It is anticipated that the established weighbridge will be demolished, and the site rehabilitated, therefore, the landscape and visual impact of the proposed weighbridge will be negligible.

**Conclusion:** Due to the lack of relevant sensitive features and the nature of the proposed development, a Landscape & Visual Impact Assessment is **not** planned at present.

#### 3.3. Animal Species

**Screening Tool:** The report indicates that the animal sensitivity rating is **High** and recommends that an Animal Species Assessment be conducted.





Figure 7. Relative Animal Species Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5

# **Sensitivity Features:**

Sensitivity		iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence by specialist
High	Aves-Circus ranivorus	The species within the study	Low
High	Aves-Circus maurus	area(s) are not identified in	Low
High	Aves-Polemaetus	the ÌŃaturalist database.	Low
	bellicosus		
Medium	Aves-Afrotis afra		Low
Medium	Invertebrate-		
	Pachysoma		Low
	aesculapius		
Medium	Invertebrate-Bullacris		Low
	obliqua		
		Inaturalist data in the stud	
-	Family Lycosidae		Not found by the specialist
-	Aves-Ciconia		South African Bird Atlas Project 2 (2023)
	ciconia		
-	Aves-Buteo buteo		South African Bird Atlas Project 2 (2023)
-	Aves-Pelecanus		South African Bird Atlas Project 2 (2022)
	onocrotalus	The species within the study	
-	Aves-Larus	area(s) identified in the	South African Bird Atlas Project 2 (2022)
	dominicanus	INaturalist database.	0 11 41; B; 1411 B ; 10 (0000)
-	Aves-Milvus migrans		South African Bird Atlas Project 2 (2020)
-	Tomopterna		Not found by the specialist
	delalandii		Night forward law the group of all the
_	Typhlosaurus caecus		Not found by the specialist
-	Bathyergus suillus		Identified by the specialist
-	Family Gnaphosidae		Not found by the specialist
-	Family Gryllidae		Not found by the specialist
-	Vandijkophrynus		Not found by the specialist
	angusticeps		Night forward love the group of all of
-	Genus Dorylus		Not found by the specialist
-	Aves-Bubo africanus		South African Bird Atlas Project 2 (2021)
-	Genus Melanterius		Not found by the specialist

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments



<sup>•</sup> Environmental Impact Assessments • Basic Assessments • Environmental Management Planning

The following descriptions provide insight into the habitat and distribution of faunal species with High sensitivity, indicated by the DFFE screening tool report for all Layouts:

High - Aves - Circus ranivorus



- <u>Common Name:</u> African Marsh-Harrier
- o <u>IUCN Status:</u> Least Concern
- <u>Habitat:</u> It is generally found in marshes or reedbeds in and hunts over open grasslands and cultivation near wetlands (Brown, Urban, & Newman, 1982)
- <u>Distribution:</u> The African Marsh harrier is mainly resident in the moister regions of southern and eastern Africa, from the Western Cape northwards through

eastern South Africa, Lesotho, Eswatini, eastern Zimbabwe, south and western Mozambique, Malawi, southwestern Tanzania, western and central Zambia, south eastern Angola into northern Botswana, especially in the Okavango Delta, and north eastern Namibia (Brown, Urban, & Newman, 1982)

High - Aves - Circus maurus



- <u>Common Name:</u> Black Harrier
- o <u>IUCN Status:</u> Endangered
- o <u>Habitat:</u> It's habitat is mainly montane fynbos, renosterveld and strandveld habitats of the Western Cape and many individuals disperse into the karoo and grassland habitats during the autumn and winter months (Curtis, Robert, & Jenkins, 2004)
- o <u>Distribution:</u> The distribution of the black harrier is distinctly polarised in both the Western and Southern coastal plains. Nests are concentrated either along the coastal strip or inland in a more montane habitat. Black harriers are migratory birds, and their annual movements cover the southern half of the land surface of South

Africa (including Lesotho). Most of these birds undertake an unusual west-east migration (Curtis, Robert, & Jenkins, 2004)

High - Aves - Polemaetus bellicosus



- Common Name: Martial Eagle
- o <u>IUCN Status:</u> Endangered
- o <u>Habitat:</u> It prefers open woods and woodland edges, wooded savannah and thornbush habitats. It has been recorded at elevations of up to 3,000 m but is not a true mountain dwelling species and resident eagles do not usually exceed an elevation of 1,500 m. These eagles also avoid closed-canopy forests and

hyper-arid desert (Boshoff, 1997)

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



<u>Distribution</u>: The martial eagle can be found in most of sub-Saharan Africa, wherever food is abundant and the environment favourable. Although never common, greater population densities do exist in southern Africa and in some parts of east Africa. Martial eagles tend to be rare and irregular in west Africa but are known to reside in Senegal, The Gambia and northern Guinea-Bissau, southern Mali and the northern portions of Ivory Coast and Ghana. Generally, these birds are more abundant in protected areas such as Kruger National Park and Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park in South Africa, or Etosha National Park in Namibia (Boshoff, 1997).



#### High – Aves-Sagittarius serpentarius

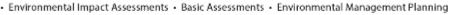
- o Common Name: Secretarybird
- o <u>IUCN Status:</u> Endangered
- o <u>Habitat</u>: Secretarybirds are found in sub-Saharan Africa and are generally non-migratory, though they may be locally nomadic as they follow rainfall and the resulting abundance of prey. Their range extends from Senegal to Somalia and south to Cape Province, South Africa. Secretarybirds prefer open grasslands, savannas, and shrubland (Karoo) rather than forests and dense shrubbery which may impede their cursorial

existence. They can be found at a variety of elevations, from the coastal plains to the highlands. They also occur in agricultural areas and avoid deserts.

The EAP confirms the sighting of some animal species on the day of the site visit, including an *Eretmochelys imbricata* (Angulate Tortoise) (Figure 8) and evidence of an unidentified burrower (Figure 9). No avifauna were observed on the site during the site visit.



Figure 8: Tortoise observed near the proposed site



<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments





Figure 9: Unidentified burrower evidence within the proposed site

An appropriately registered SACNASP Professional - Fauna specialist will be appointed to undertake a site verification and confirm the way forward for this theme.

**Specialist Recommendation:** Dr. Jacobus H. Visser, from Blue Skies Research formulated a Terrestrial Faunal and Avifaunal Species Compliance Statement in May 2023. Dr Visser conducted a field study on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of May 2023. During the field study, 6 mammal species, 2 reptile species and 14 bird species were identified within the study area for all layouts, all are of 'Least Concern' in accordance with the IUCN. No evidence of Dungbeetle species and Grasshoppers were evident within the study area during the field survey.



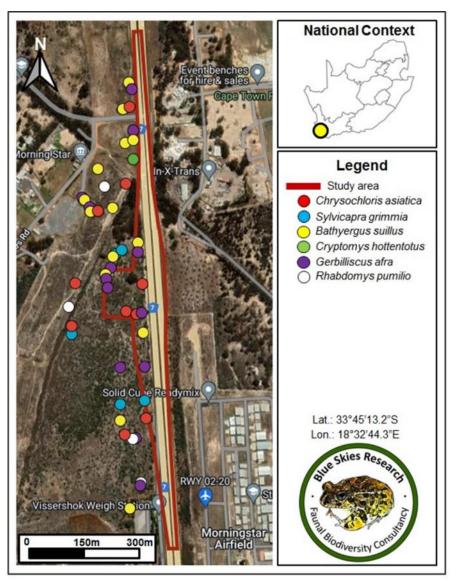


Figure 10.Spatial locations of the different mammal species recorded within the study area, (Dr Visser, 2023).

The specialist highlighted that the faunal habitat within the study area is largely degraded, and accounts for the common species that are of 'Least Concern' within the study area. Additionally, there were no records of mammalian or avifaunal predatory species, indicating an altered ecosystem dynamics. Therefore, the habitat is not conducive to any of the SCCs considered, and it is highly unlikely for these species to occur in the study area. The Specialist assessed the ecological status of habitats within the study area and rated it as having a "Very Low" SEI. This rating indicates that for development activities with medium to high impacts, minimising mitigation measures is acceptable, and restoration activities are not required.

The Restio habitat which is located to the west of the project footprint, exists in a natural and intact state, this habitat is regarded as having a "High" SEI, indicating that avoidance mitigation is advocated.

The study area has been identified as being of a "High Sensitivity" under the "Relative Animal Species Sensitivity Theme" DFFE Screening Tool Report, however, considering the results from the current report, the site may be considered as of "Low Sensitivity". This follows from the

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments

degraded habitat structure that harbours a highly impaired faunal diversity and does not constitute a suitable habitat for any of the s considered.

The specialist comments regarding the Layout explored:

**(Preferred) Layout 5:** The proposed layout design is to be placed further north. This will avoid highly sensitive vegetation, as well as being located within areas of very low SEI. The specialist noted that the proposed layout will be adjacent to the 'high SEI', which may cause disturbances to the habitat during the construction and operational phase as the proposed layout design is directly adjacent.

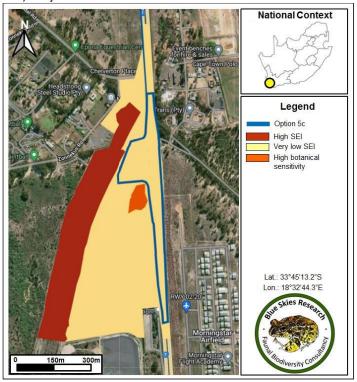


Figure 11. Spatial Representation of the SEI for the preferred layout 5.

**Conclusion:** The specialist concluded that the habitats and faunal components on the proposed weighbridge layout designs do not hold significance towards the ecology and biodiversity within the area's landscape and would not negatively impact the local, regional or national biodiversity targets. The specialist has, therefore, concluded that the proposed development be considered under any of the proposed development layouts.

Based on the comments from the EAP and specialist the proposed project may be considered from an animal and avian species theme perspective. The EAP recommends that the sensitivity from the Screening Tool be **changed** from high to **low sensitivity**, and no further action be taken. Furthermore, CapeNature will be included as an I&AP during public participation.

#### 3.4. Aquatic Biodiversity

**Screening Tool**: The report indicates that the site's Aquatic Biodiversity is of **Low** sensitivity and that an Aquatic Biodiversity Impact Assessment is not required.

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

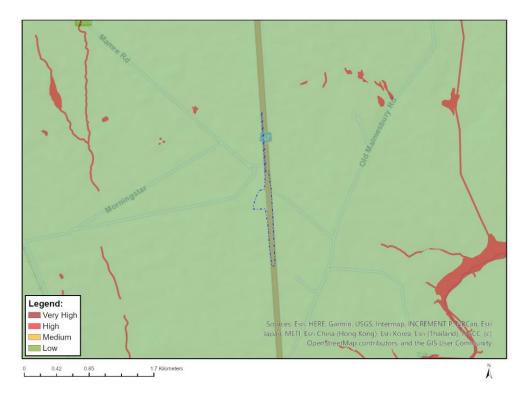


Figure 12. Relative Aquatic Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5

#### **Sensitivity Features:**

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Low sensitivity

**Observation by the EAP:** The EAP did not observe any evidence of areas experiencing seasonally wet conditions, drainage areas or other aquatic features (dams, rivers & streams) seen on site, nor are there any watercourses within 500 meters of the proposed weighbridge site. It should be evident that the sensitivity be regarded as **negligible** as opposed to low sensitivity. Therefore, based on the evidence provided **no specialist appointment was required.** 

**Conclusion:** An aquatic specialist will **not** be appointed as relevant aquatic features are not present on or near the site. However, the Department of Water & Sanitation (DWS) will be included as an I&AP during public participation.

#### 3.5. Geotechnical Assessment

For this current environmental process a geotechnical assessment is not anticipated to be required as the planned weighbridge construction should not have significant geological impacts due to the surface level nature of the project. Additionally, the screening tool did not identify any geologically or geotechnically relevant sensitive features.

**Conclusion:** Due to the lack of relevant sensitive features and the nature if the proposed development, a Geotechnical Assessment is not planned at present.

#### 3.6. Socio-Economic Assessment

It is not expected that this environmental process related to the proposed weighbridge construction will have a detrimental effect on the socio-economics of the area as it is anticipated that the project (upon completion) will greatly increase the safety and efficiency of the road system and will contribute to increased economic activity in the area by

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments

maintaining efficiency and continued operation of the weighbridge. Furthermore, the construction activities are expected to provide additional employment, and a continuation of the weighbridge operation will ensure employment for weighbridge personnel. Additionally, the screening tool did not identify any socio-economically relevant sensitive features.

**Conclusion:** Due to the lack of relevant sensitive features and the nature if the proposed development, a Socio-Economic Assessment is not planned at present.

## 3.7. Ambient Air Quality

At this stage of the project, it is not anticipated that the proposed project will have a major impact on ambient air quality (apart from construction) as an established weighbridge is currently present 600 m south of the proposed site which constitutes existing infrastructure with an existing impact. This existing weighbridge will be demolished and rehabilitated and is expected to be replaced by the proposed weighbridge, therefore the operational impact can be considered as negligible. There is however the potential that construction and demolition activities will have an impact on ambient air quality. Additionally, the screening tool did not identify any socio-economically relevant sensitive features.

**Conclusion:** Due to the lack of relevant sensitive features and the nature if the proposed development, an Ambient Air Quality Assessment is not planned at present.

## 3.8. Archaeological and Cultural Heritage

**Screening Tool**: The report indicates the site's Archaeological and Cultural Heritage significance is of **Low** Sensitivity. The screening tool does not suggest an Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment be completed; however the possibility exists that heritage features are located in close proximity to the proposed site.



Figure 13: Relative Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Sensitivity Map - Layout 5

#### Observation by the EAP:

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

any evidence of heritage resources on site. However, the EAP's past experience of working in this area, indicates that to the north of the site, is a historical *Eucalyptus* sp. tree line, that will need to be taken into consideration.

An appropriately registered heritage and archaeological specialist will be appointed to undertake a site verification and confirm the way forward in terms of this theme.

**Specialist Recommendation:** Jayson Orton, the heritage specialist from ASHA Consulting, conducted a site inspection and provided a Notification of Intent to Develop (NID) for Heritage Western Cape. Based on the NID information, the proposed project site falls under an application in accordance with Section 38(8) of the National Heritage Resources Act (NHRA).

One of the historic structures of the Koeberg Hotel still exists on the farm but has been renovated to serve as part of the landfill facility near the study area for all layouts. There are no other structures in close proximity to the study area. Additionally, the Battle of Blouberg site is situated to the west of the Vissershok area, around 5-7 km west of the study area.

According to the specialist, archaeological materials have been seen in the wider area, but none were seen on the day of the site visit. Isolated artefacts of **very low** cultural significance may still be present. Trees may need to be removed on the east side of the N7 to accommodate the offramp, and part of the grove of gum trees on the northern side of the weighbridge platform will also require removal. However, these are **minor impacts** and not a major concern, as the primary historical tree lines will mostly remain intact, except for the eastern edge of the N7.

According to the specialist findings overall, **no heritage impacts are anticipated**, with the exception to the few trees located within the study area that will need to be removed. Option 5 as proposed is acceptable in terms of heritage.

**Conclusion:** Based on the EAP and specialist findings, the Archaeological and Cultural heritage significance is verified as being of **low sensitivity** in accordance with the Screening Tool findings. It is maintained that the Heritage Western Cape (HWC) will be included as an I&AP during public participation, and the proposed project has approval from HWC, and the NID will be included in the BAR.

#### 3.9. Palaeontology

The **Screening Tool** indicated that the site has a **Low** sensitivity rating, and no specific Palaeontology Impact Assessment will be conducted. Palaeontology will however be considered by the heritage and archaeological specialist during their assessment.





Figure 14: Relative Palaeontology Theme Sensitivity – Layout 5

## **Sensitivity Features:**

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
Low	Features with a Low paleontological sensitivity

In conjunction with the above, the South African Heritage Resource Agency (SAHRIS) PalaeoSensitivity Map for the proposed weighbridge site is included below as Figure 15 (with a key for the map in Table 4).

According to the PalaeoSensitivity the site and larger area surrounding the site is **Blue** which is classified as **Low** - no palaeontological studies are required however a protocol for finds is required.



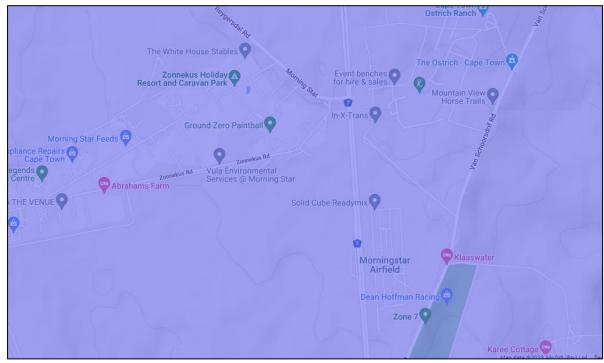


Figure 15: SAHRIS PalaeoSensitivity Map for the proposed weighbridge

Table 4: SAHRIS PalaeoSensitivity Map key

Colour	Sensitivity	Required Action
RED	VERY HIGH	field assessment and protocol for finds is required
ORANGE/YELLOW	HIGH	desktop study is required and based on the outcome of the desktop study, a field assessment is likely
GREEN	MODERATE	desktop study is required
BLUE	LOW	no palaeontological studies are required however a protocol for finds is required
GREY	INSIGNIFICANT/ZERO	no palaeontological studies are required
WHITE/CLEAR	UNKNOWN	these areas will require a minimum of a desktop study. As more information comes to light, SAHRA will continue to populate the map.

#### Observation by the EAP:

No heritage resources were identified, particularly resources of palaeontological importance. No outcrops were noted on site. It is noted that to the north of the site is row of *Eucalyptus* sp. trees, which indicated a key historical route (noted in the previous Basic Assessment undertaken for the Proposed Upgrade of Trunk Road 11/1 To Freeway Standards, from the Potsdam Interchange to the Melkbos Interchange (N7/1), Cape Town (DEADP Ref: 16/3/1/1/A1/37/3002/14).

An appropriately registered heritage and archaeological specialist (who will also consider palaeontological features) will be appointed to undertake a site verification and confirm the way forward in terms of this theme.

**Specialist recommendation:** Specialist Dr Jayson Orton conducted a NID and concluded that the proposed new weighbridge site location has historical structures of the historic Koeberg Hotel that still exists on the farm but has been renovated to form part of the landfill facility. There are no structures in close proximity to the study area. The Vissershok Farm is a very

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

important local heritage site but lies across the N7 and Diep River, some 3 km south-southeast of the study area. **No impacts are expected.** 

The socio-economic benefits of the project outweigh its negligible impact on heritage, supporting full approval without the need for a Heritage Impact Assessment.

**Conclusion**: A Notice of Intent to Develop (NID) has been submitted to the Heritage Western Cape for consideration.

Due to the evidence provided, it is proposed that the project may be considered from a paleontological perspective as the EAP recommends that the sensitivity from the Screening Tool be maintained as **low sensitivity**, and no further action to be taken.

On the 21st of May 2025, Heritage Western Cape provided their final comment in terms of Section 38(8) of the National Heritage Resources Act (Act 25 of 1999) and the Western Cape Provincial Gazette 6061, Notice 298 of 2003. Their comment stated that the proposed project has approval from a heritage resources perspective and no further action under Section 28 of the National Heritage Resources Act (Act 25 of 1999) is required. Heritage Western Cape (HWC) will be included as an I&AP during public participation.

## 3.10. Noise Impact

It is not anticipated that there will be an additional noise impact in the vicinity of the proposed site as it is located directly adjacent to the existing N7 national road and 600 m north of the established Vissershok weighbridge. The likelihood does exist that there will be an increase in noise during the construction phase of the project, however no urban residences or noise sensitive features are located in close proximity to the site and no noise sensitive features will be triggered according to the Screening Tool, therefore this protocol is not relevant to the proposed project and it is expected that the noise impact will be negligible.

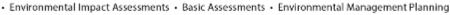
**Conclusion:** Due to the lack of relevant sensitive features and the nature if the proposed development, a Noise Impact Assessment is not planned at present.

#### 3.11. Traffic Impact

The proposed weighbridge is expected to be constructed in order to cater for planned improvements to the N7 national road which will require the established weighbridge to move approximately 600 m north. These roadworks do not form part of this current SSVR environmental process, which only applies to the proposed new weighbridge, associated slipways and demolition and rehabilitation of the existing weighbridge. The planned road upgrades are expected to improve road safety and will streamline access to the N7 national road and can be seen as a major improvement to the current road system. It is accepted that the traffic impact was assessed as part of the larger roadworks programme for this section of the N7 national road.

Planned construction of the new weighbridge is not expected to have any major impact on traffic as the site is located next to the main N7 national road and should only affect traffic when the associated slipways are constructed and an increase in noise is not expected during the operational phase of the proposed weighbridge.

**Conclusion:** Due to the lack of relevant sensitive features and the nature if the proposed development, a Traffic Impact Assessment is not planned at present.



<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



## 3.12. Civil Aviation

The **Screening Tool** indicates that the civil aviation impact is of **High** Sensitivity. This is due to the proximity of the Morningstar Airfield; however the proposed weighbridge does not obstruct the flight path of the airfield.

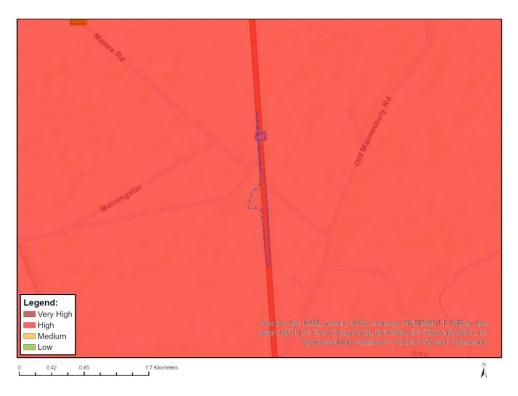


Figure 16: Civil Aviation Sensitivity Map – Layout 5

## **Sensitivity Features:**

Sensitivity	Feature(s)
High	Within 8 km of other civil aviation aerodrome
Medium	Between 15 and 35 km from a civil aviation radar
Medium	Between 15 and 35 km from a major civil aviation aerodrome

Note that neither weighbridge obstructs the airfield flight path and that the proposed weighbridge site is located approximately 600 m north of the existing weighbridge.

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments





Figure 17: Proposed weighbridge to Morningstar Airfield – Layout 5

#### Observation by the EAP:

The Morningstar Airfield/aerodrome is located directly east of the N7 national road. The weighbridge is located across the N7 and is not within the flight path of the airfield, nor will the proposed affect the airfield and therefore the proposed sensitivity should be regarded as negligible

**Conclusion:** It is the opinion of the EAP that No impacts on civil aviation areas were noted on the site, as such, no further action will be undertaken. A dedicated civil aviation assessment will **not be conducted** as the proposed development will not be located within the Morningstar Airfield flight path the proposed weighbridge will be located further north than the established weighbridge.

The South African Civil Aviation Authority and Morning Star Aeroclub will be included as I&APs and we will await their response with regards to requiring further specialist input.

#### 3.13. Defence

The **Screening Tool** suggest that the defence theme is of **Medium** Sensitivity.



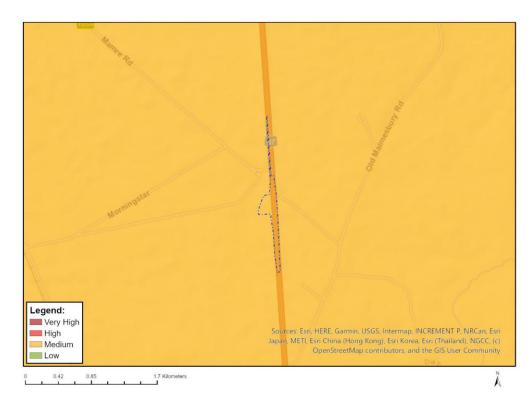


Figure 18: Defence Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5

**Observation by the EAP:** The proposed project is located within approximately 15.3 km of the Ikapa Military Base and 17.16 km of the Ysterplaat Air Force base.

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning



#### N7 Weighbridge



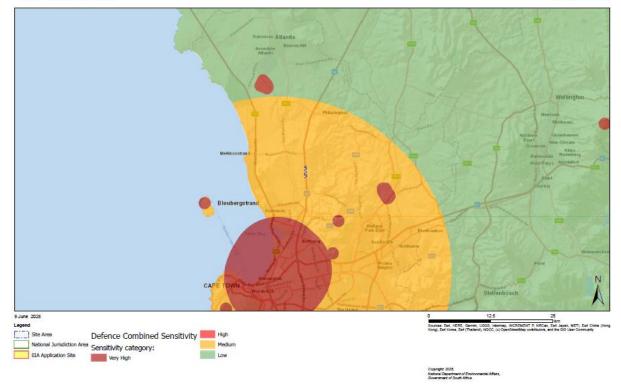


Figure 19. DFFE Screening Tool Map of the study area within Medium Sensitivity for Defence Theme (DFFE, 2025).

Due to the nature of the project, it involves a weighbridge infrastructure as part of a larger road development initiative. No anticipated impacts are expected in accordance with the medium defence theme in the area should be regarded as negligible.

**Conclusion:** No impacts on existing Defence areas were noted on the site; as such, no further action will be undertaken.

# 3.14. Plant Species

The **Screening Tool** indicated that the plant species theme is of Medium Sensitivity. The tool suggests that a Plant Species Assessment should be conducted.

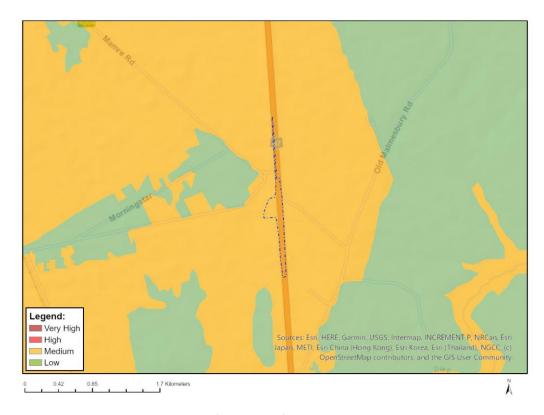


Figure 20: Plant Species Theme Map – Layout 5

# **Sensitivity Features:**

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
	Scr	eening Tool Plant Species Id	entified
High	Leucadendron	Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	thymifolium	footprint	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	amoenus	INaturalist database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	dilutus	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	filicaulis	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	leptaleon	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	peacockiae	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	scaber	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	sociorum	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	spiniformis	footprint	
Medium	Lampranthus	ldentified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	stenopetalus	footprint	

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Impact Assessments • Basic Assessments • Environmental Management Planning

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence
•	. ,		(Specialist)
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	stenus	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	tenuifolius	database	
Medium	Antimima	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	mucronata	database	
Medium	Antimima	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	aristulata	database	
Medium	Erepsia patula	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Erepsia ramosa	Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
		footprint	
Medium	Cleretum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	clavatum	database	
Medium	Ruschia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	diversifolia	database	
Medium	Ruschia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	geminiflora	database	
Medium	Ruschia tecta	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Drosanthemum	Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	hispifolium	footprint	, i
Medium	Cephalophyllum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	parviflorum	database	, ,
Medium	Lessertia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	argentea	database	, i
Medium	Amphithalea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	ericifolia subsp.	database	
	erecta .		
Medium		Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	Ianceolata	footprint	, i
Medium	Psoralea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	glaucina	database	, ,
Medium	Indigofera	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	psoraloides	database	, ,
Medium		Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	•	footprint	, ,
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	aculeata	database	
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	araneosa	database	
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	lotoides subsp.	database	
	lotoides		
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	muraltioides	database	
		1	

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	retroflexa subsp.	database	
	bicolor		
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	varians	database	
Medium	Rafnia lancea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Rafnia angulata	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	subsp. humilis	database	
Medium	Rafnia angulata	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	subsp. ericifolia	database	
Medium	Lebeckia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	plukenetiana	database	
Medium	Podalyria	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	argentea	database	
Medium	Podalyria	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	microphylla	database	
Medium	Podalyria	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	sericea	database	
Medium	Thesium	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	ecklonianum	database	
Medium	Leucadendron	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	cinereum	database	
Medium	Leucadendron	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	lanigerum var.	database	
	lanigerum		
Medium		Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
		footprint	
Medium	Leucadendron	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	stellare	database	
Medium		Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
		footprint	
Medium	Leucospermum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	hypophyllocarp	database	
	odendron subsp.		
	canaliculatum		
Medium	Leucospermum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	hypophyllocarp	database	
	odendron subsp.		
	hypophyllocarp		
Madium	odendron	Notidontified in the	Not identified by the second list
Medium	Protea burchellii	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Modiums	Diastalla	database	Not identified by the area signification
Medium	Diastella	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Modiums	proteoides	database	Not identified by the second of
Medium	Serruria aemula	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100.0.0(0)	ii taloi alloi	(Specialist)
		database	
Medium	Serruria brownii	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Serruria trilopha	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Microdon	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	capitatus	database	
Medium	Manulea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	corymbosa	database	
Medium	Pentameris	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	bachmannii	database	
Medium	Pentameris	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Madium	pholiuroides	database  Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Anthospermum ericifolium	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Lobostemon	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	capitatus	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Echiostachys	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	incanus	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Echiostachys	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	spicatus	database	Not factilited by the specialist
Medium	Hesperantha	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
TVIO GIOTTI	spicata subsp.	database	The recommed by me specialist
	spicata	3.3.7.3.5.3.0	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	14	database	, ,
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	267	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	631	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
	533	footprint	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	878	database	
Medium	Geissorhiza	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	brehmii	database	
Medium	Geissorhiza furva	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Geissorhiza	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	humilis	database	
Medium	Geissorhiza ''	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
A A = =15:	monanthos	database	Notice of Control of Control
Medium	Geissorhiza radians	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Madium	radians	database	Not identified by the association
Medium	Geissorhiza satacaa	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	setacea	database	

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence
			(Specialist)
Medium	Geissorhiza	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	erosa	database	
Medium	Ixia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	monadelpha	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	881	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	683	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	560	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	816	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	1	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	830	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	1140	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	995	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	863	database	, ,
Medium	Pauridia alba	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	, , ,
Medium	Pauridia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	canaliculata	database	, , ,
Medium	Pauridia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	pygmaea	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Pseudalthenia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	aschersoniana	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Oxalis falcatula	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Oxalis natans	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Erica bolusiae	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	var. bolusiae	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Stylapterus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	fruticulosus	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Hermannia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	procumbens	database	, and a specialist
	subsp.	2 2.1 2.12 2.40	
	procumbens		
Medium	Hermannia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	rugosa	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	769	database	. to tack mica by the specialist
		3.3.3.2.3.2	

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence
			(Specialist)
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	222	database	
Medium	Sebaea rara	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	444	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	493	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	478	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	756	database	, i
Medium	Adenogramma	Identified within the	Identified within Inaturalist
		footprint	
Medium	Wachendorfia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	brachyandra	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Hessea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	cinnamomea	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	133	database	Treatment by mre specialist
Medium	Isolepis	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
TVIO GIOTTI	inconspicua	database	The recommed by the specialist
Medium	Isolepis	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	venustula	database	The facilities by the specialist
Medium	Trianoptiles	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	solitaria	database	The facilities by the specialist
Medium	Cannomois	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	arenicola	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Elegia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	prominens	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Hypodiscus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
MCGIOTTI	rugosus	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Restio duthieae	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	Resilo doll'llede	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Restio micans	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	Resilo Itilcaris	database	Not identified by the specialist
A A o oliv voo	Dantia ironalitus		Identified within the project
Medium	•	Identified within the	Identified within the project
		footprint	footprint
Ma aliuma	Doctio nanilla	Notidontified in the	Not identified by the area significant
Medium	Restio papillosus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
A A = =10:	A	database	Notice wife - district
Medium	Anisodontea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
A 4 - 12	biflora	database	
Medium	Cynanchum , .	Not identified in the	
	zeyheri	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
	985	database	(сроссиясту
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	120	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	266	database	
Medium	Pterygodium	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	cruciferum	database	
Medium	Pterygodium	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	inversum	database	
Medium	Pterygodium	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	microglossum	database	
Medium	Gnidia spicata	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Passerina	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	paludosa	database	
Medium	Lachnaea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	uniflora	database	
Medium	Metalasia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	capitata	database	
Medium	Metalasia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	octoflora	database	
Medium		Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
		footprint	
Medium	Steirodiscus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	tagetes	database	
Medium	Senecio	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	foeniculoides	database	
Medium	Senecio "	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	cadiscus	database	
Medium	Cotula	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
A A a alicena	eckloniana	database	
Medium	Athanasia	Not identified in the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	capitata Athanasia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the encointist
Medium		database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	rugulosa Arctotis	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	angustifolia	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
MEGIUITI	1042	database	1401 Identified by the specialist
Medium	Arctotheca	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
MGGIOTT	forbesiana	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Heterorhachis	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
MGGIOTT	aculeata	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Diosma	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
74100111	dichotoma	database	1401 Identified by the specialist
Medium	Agathosma	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
7710 010111	, 194111031114		Not identified by the specialist

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
	corymbosa	database	
Medium	Agathosma	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	glabrata	database	
Medium	Adenandra	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	villosa subsp.	database	
	biseriata		
Medium	Macrostylis	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	cassiopoides	database	
	subsp.		
	dregeana		
Medium	Macrostylis	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	villosa subsp.	database	
	villosa		
Medium	Cliffortia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	ericifolia	database	
Medium	Cliffortia hirta	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Limonium	database  Not identified in the	Not identified by the an existint
Medium			Not identified by the specialist
Medium	depauperatum Limonium	database  Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	purpuratum	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Muraltia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediom	brevicornu	database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Muraltia	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Mediem	decipiens	database	The factumed by the specialist
Medium	·	Identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
		footprint	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Muraltia mitior	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	, ,
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	262	database	, ,
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	1135	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	158	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	1265	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	616	database	
Medium	Wurmbea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	hiemalis	database	
Medium	Wurmbea inusta	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Phylica harveyi	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Phylica plumosa	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence
•	. ,		(Specialist)
	var. squarrosa	database	
Medium	Phylica	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	stenopetala var.	database	
	stenopetala		
Medium	Phylica strigulosa	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	
Medium	Phylica	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	thunbergiana	database	
Medium	Ezoloba	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	macrocarpa	database	
Medium	Codonorhiza	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	azurea	database	
Medium	Skiatophytum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	skiatophytoides	database	
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	debilis	database	·
Medium	Lampranthus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	glaucus	database	,
Medium	Drosanthemum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	striatum	database	, ,
Medium	Argyrolobium	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	velutinum	database	, ,
Medium	Xiphotheca	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	reflexa	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Psoralea alata	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
		database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	lebeckioides	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	recurva	database	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Medium	Aspalathus	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	tylodes	database	
Medium	Aponogeton	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
	fugax	database	
Medium	Leucospermum	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Modiom	rodolentum	database	The riderimied by the specialist
Medium	Protea	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
Modiom	scolymocephala	database	The rider miled by the specialist
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
7410 010111	593	database	The fraction of the specialist
		GGIGNGJO	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	335	database	
Medium	Sensitive species	Not identified in the	Not identified by the specialist
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	599	database	
Medium	Elegia	Not identified within the	Not identified by the specialist
741001111	Licgia	THE WILLIAM	- Torractimed by the specialist

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence
			(Specialist)
A 4 = =   :=	squamosa	database	
Medium	Elegia verreauxii	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Restio paludosus	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Restio rigoratus	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Sensitive species 500	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Sensitive species 654	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Lachnaea capitata	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Lachnaea grandiflora	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Cotula pusilla	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Sensitive species 1225	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Caesia sabulosa	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Cliffortia acockii	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specialist
Medium	Perdicium capense	Not identified within the database	Not identified by the specilaist
	•	tified within the iNaturalist d	latabase
-	Acacia Saligna		Identified within the
	G		development footprint.
-	Carpobrotus Edulis		Not identified by the specialist
-	Aspalathus Ternata		Identified within the development footprint
-	Dicerothamnus rhinocerotis		Identified within the development footprint
-	Seriphium Plumosum		Identified within the development footprint
-	Phylica Cephalantha		Identified within the development footprint.
_	Oxalis Luteola		Not identified by specialist
_	Wachendorfia		Not identified by specialist
	Paniculata		to racininea by specialist
-	metalasia densa		Identified by the specialist
_	Gaudium		Not identified by specialist
	Laevigatum		1 1, 1,1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
-	Acacia Cyclops		Identified within the
			development footprint
			4222

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
-	Echium		Not identified by the specialist
	Plantagineum		
-	Trichocephalus		Not identified by the specialist
	Stipularis		
-	Pelargonium		Not identified by the specialist
	Myrrhifolium		
-	Wachendorfia		Not identified by the specialist
	Multiflora		
-	Serruria		Not identified by the specialist
	Fasciflora		
-	Passerina		Identified by the specialist
	Corymbosa		
-	Cliffortia		Not identified by the specialist
	Juniperina		
=	Erica mammosa		Identified by the specialist
-	Gladiolus		Not identified by the specialist
	Carinatus		
-	Struthiola Ciliata		Not identified by the specialist
-	Senecio		Identified by the specialist
	Pterophorus		
-	Searsia		Identified by the specialist
	Laevigata		
-	Drosera trinervia		Not identified by specialist
-	Senecio		Not identified by specialist
	Burchellii		
-	Tritoniopsis		Not identified by the specialist
	Antholyza		
-	Lampranthus		Not identified by specialist
	Explanatus		
-	Genus		Not identified by specialist
	Helichrysum		
-	Watsonia		Not identified by specialist
	Meriana		
-	Genus Ficinia		Not identified by specialist
-	Crossyne		Not identified by specialist
	Guttata		
=	Sparaxis		Not identified by specialist
	Bulbifera		
=	Asparagus		Not identified by specialist
	Rubicundus		
=	Agathosma		Identified by the specialist
	Imbricata		
-	Geissorhiza		Not identified by the specialist
	Tenella		

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
-	Monopsis Debilis		Not identified by the specialist
-	Aristea		Not identified by the specialist
	Dichotoma		
-	Erica Ferrea		Not identified by the specialist
-	Eriospermum		Not identified by the specialist
	Capense		
-	Euphorbia		Not identified by the specialist
	genistoides		
-	Micranthus		Not identified by specialist
	Tubulosus		
-	Muraltia		Not identified by the specialist
	Ericoides		
-	Moraea fugax		Not identified by the specialist
-	Genus		Not identified by the specialist
	Tetragonia		
-	Genus		Not identified by the specialist
	Lachenalia		
-	Genus		Not identified by specialist
	Trachyandra		
-	Diosma		Identified by the specialist
	Oppositifolia		
-	Staberoha		Not identified by specialist
	Distachyos		
-	Senecio Erosus		Identified by the specialist
-	Othonna		Not identified by specialist
	Gymnodiscus		
-	Ixia Dubia		Not identified by specialist
-	Haemanthus		Not identified by specialist
	Pubescens		
-	Moraea		Not identified by specialist
	neglecta		
-	Lampranthus		Not identified by specialist
	densifolius		
-	Manulea Rubra		Not identified by specialist
-	Othonna		Not identified by specialist
	Undulosa		
-	Pharnaceum		Not identified by specialist
	Elongatum		
-	Phylica imberbis		Not identified by specialist
-	Senecio		Not identified by specialist
	Arenarius		
-	Ifloga Ambigua		Not identified by specialist
	Conus		Identified within the areisest
-	Genus Thamnochortus		Identified within the project footprint.
-	Centella		Not identified by the specialist
1	i		CESSIO

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning
 Environmental Control & Monitoring - Water Use License Applications - Aquatic Assessments



Sensitivity	Feature(s)	iNaturalist	Likelihood of occurrence (Specialist)
	tridentata		
-	Cenchrus		Not identified by the specialist
	caudatus		
-	Genus Carissa		Not identified by the specialist
-	Genus Roella		Not identified by the specialist
-	Babiana		Not identified by the specialist
	Fragrans		
-	Restio Sieberi		Identified by the specialist
-	Staberoha		Identified by the specialist
	Cernua		
-	Thamnochortus		Not identified by the specialist
	Obtusus		
-	Thamnochortus		Identified by the specialist
	Punctatus		
-	Willdenowia		Not identified by the specialist
	Arescens		
-	Salvia lanceolata		Not identified by specialist
-	Uromycladium		Not identified by specialist
	Morrisii		
-	Serruria decipiens		Not identified by specialist
_	Cynodon dactylon		Identified by the specialist
-	Genus		Not identified by specialist
	Anthospermum		

The following descriptions provide insight into the habitat and distribution of floral species with High sensitivity, indicated by the DFFE screening tool report:

High - Aves - Leucadendron thymifolium



- <u>Common Name:</u> Malmesbury conebush
- o <u>IUCN Status:</u> Endangered
- Habitat: This species has already lost more than 80% of its habitat to crop cultivation, and only small fragments remain mainly in Lowland shale and alluvial renosterveld (Manning & Goldblatt, 2012)
- o <u>Distribution:</u> The population of this formerly widespread species has been fragmented by extensive habitat loss. It is endemic to South African, with main provincial distribution in the Western Cape, ranging from Piketberg to Tygerberg and Worcester (Manning & Goldblatt, 2012)

Furthermore, according to the South African National Biodiversity Institute Vegetation Map of South Africa, Lesotho and Swaziland, and from Figure 21 it is evident that the site is located within the Cape Flats Sand Fynbos vegetation type.

This vegetation type is a critically endangered vegetation type that occurs only within the city

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

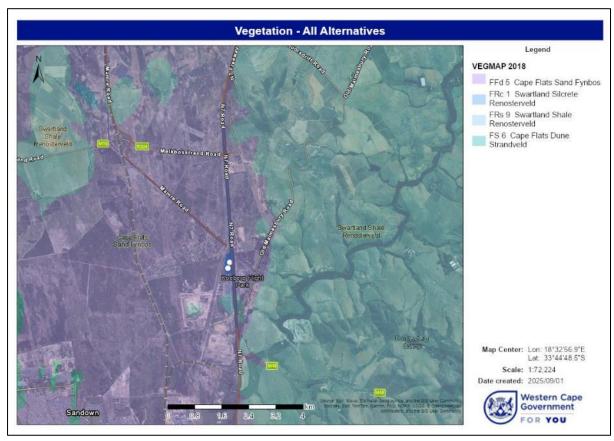


Figure 21: Vegetation map for all layoutts, (SANBI VegMap, 2018)

### Observation by the EAP:

Multiple plant species were seen on the day of the site visit, with the majority of the proposed site being covered by Alien Invasive Vegetation (AIV). Walking in a northerly direction from the existing weighbridge towards the proposed site it could be seen that the land behind the fence line was infested with AIV (Figure 22), and upon entering the proposed site it was further evident that various patches of AIV are present within the site but that some Indigenous vegetation is also present in between patches of AIV (Figure 23 and Figure 24).



Figure 22: AIV coverage on the fence line and within the anticipated weighbridge area



Figure 23: Vegetation coverage within the anticipated weighbridge area.

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments



<sup>•</sup> Environmental Impact Assessments • Basic Assessments • Environmental Management Planning



Figure 24: Shrubs observed on the day of site assessment.

Due to the fact that some indigenous vegetation is present in between larger patches of AIV, and the fact that the site sensitivity is high and contains a critically endangered vegetation type, an appropriately registered SACNASP Professional - botanical specialist will be appointed to undertake a site verification and confirm the way forward in terms of this theme.

**Specialist Recommendation**: Nick Heleme, a botanical specialist from Nick Heleme Botanical Surveys, prepared a botanical assessment report on May 29, 2023, which was updated on March 26, 2025. The original designs (Layouts 1 and 2 were located in an area of high botanical sensitivity within the proposed project footprint.

However, Layouts 3, 4, and the preferred 5 layout have been designed to avoid the high-sensitivity areas. The preferred layout has been assessed to have a low to medium negative impact on botanical aspects, both before and after mitigation measures. No specific botanical mitigation is required for Layouts 3 and 5 layouts, and the rehabilitation should emphasise the removal of woody and alien vegetation in the adjacent highly sensitive areas, as seen in the image below (Figure 25).

The specialist concluded that the study site consists of areas that are moderately to fairly degraded, specifically within the Cape Flats Sand Fynbos ecosystem. Three Species of Conservation Concern (SCC) were identified near, but not within, the proposed study area.



Figure 25. The proposed development footprint avoiding high botanical sensitivity.

**Conclusion:** Based on the EAPs' outcomes and the specialist findings, Layout 3 was the preferred development layout from a Low to Medium negative botanical impact, based on the botanical assessment report on May 29, 2023. From the updated report on March 26, 2025, Layout 5 is proposed to be Neutral to low negative impact and would be a preferable Layout from a botanical perspective.

Additionally, CapeNature will be included as an I&AP during the public participation process.

### 3.15. Terrestrial Biodiversity

The **Screening Tool** suggest that the Terrestrial Biodiversity theme is of a **Very High** sensitivity and that a Terrestrial Biodiversity Impact Assessment should be conducted.



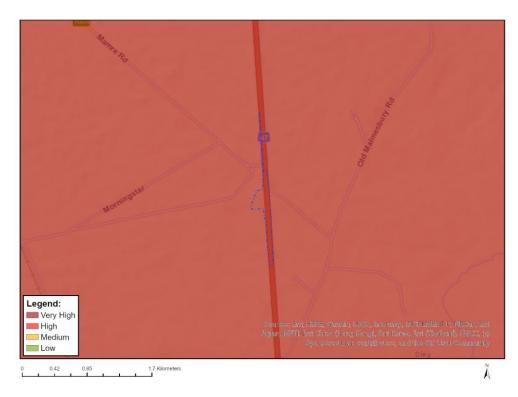


Figure 26: Relative Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme Sensitivity Map – Layout 5

#### **Sensitivity Features**

Sensitivity	Feature(s)	
Very High	ESA 2: Restore from plantation or high density IAP	
Very High	CBA 2: Terrestrial (see CT data)	
Very High	CBA 1: Terrestrial (see CT data)	
Very High	h CR_Cape Flats Sand Fynbos	
Very High	ESA 2: Restore from plantation or high density IAP	

### The following data pertains to all site layouts that have been considered:

All examined layouts are located within the Cape Flats Sand Fynbos vegetation, where layout 4 also intercepts Swartlands Shale Renosterveld vegetation. (**Figure 21**).

Both vegetation types are regarded as Critically Endangered vegetation type. Most of the surrounding properties have been developed and very little natural vegetation remains in the vicinity of the site.



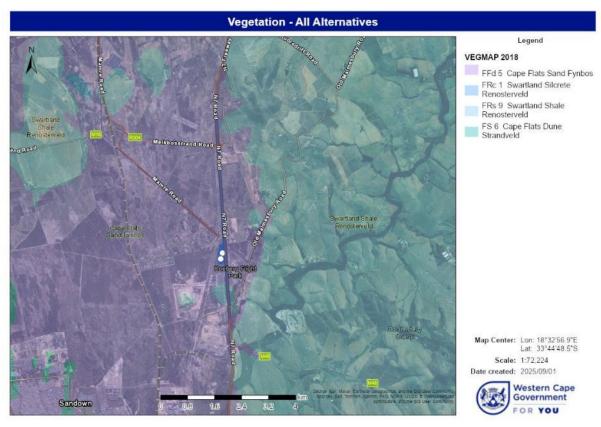


Figure 27: National Vegetation Map 2024, featuring all layouts examined (Cape Farm Mapper, 2025).

Multiple plant species were seen on the day of the site visit, with most of the proposed site being covered by Alien Invasive Vegetation (AIV). Walking in a northerly direction from the existing weighbridge towards the proposed site it could be seen that the land behind the fence line was infested with AIV (**Figure 22**), and upon entering the proposed site it was further evident that various patches of AIV are present within the site but that some indigenous vegetation is also present in between patches of AIV).



Figure 28: AIV coverage on the fence line and within the anticipated weighbridge area.



Figure 29: Vegetation coverage within the anticipated weighbridge area.

<sup>•</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments

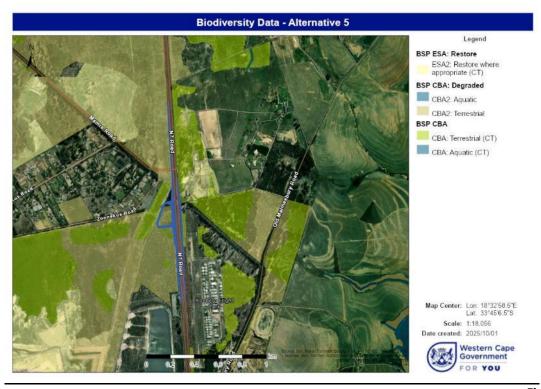


Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning



Figure 30: Shrubs were observed on the day of the site assessment.

Based on the desktop study conducted on 20/08/202410/01/2025, the preferred site layout intercepts ESA 2, CBA 1 & 2: Aquatic and Terrestrial. However, the preferred site layout does exclude highly sensitive botanical value delineated by the botanical specialist Nick Helmes' original Botanical Report dated 29/05/2023 and updated on the 26/03/2025.



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



# proposed preferred Layout 5 layout - Critical Biodiversity and Ecological Support Areas. (Cape Farm Mapper, 2025).

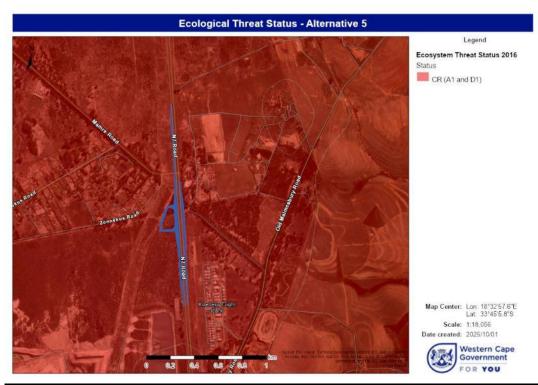


Figure 32. The proposed preferred layout Layout 5 Ecological Threat Status. (Cape Farm Mapper, 2025).

The proposed preferred layout 5 is located within Cape Flats Sand Fynbos that is regarded as Critically Endangered.

### Observation on Site - by the EAP:

Some animal species (listed under the Animal Species Theme) and various plant species (listed under the Plant Species Theme) were seen on site, however the majority of the site is covered by AIV and only a few patches of indigenous vegetation (which provides suitable habitat to indigenous animal species) is present on site with the existing N7 national road located directly east of the site. It is not anticipated that endangered ecosystem features are relevant to the proposed site, however due to the presence of some indigenous vegetation and the desktop background information presented above, a registered SACNASP terrestrial ecologist will be appointed. Refer to Figure 22 to Figure 24.

**Specialist Recommendation:** Botanical specialist Nick Helme, of Nick Helme Surveys assessed the terrestrial biodiversity of the proposed study area and all the layouts proposed in a botanical assessment report dated 29 May 2023. The specialist has concluded that Layout 3 was the preferred development layout from a Low to Medium negative botanical impact, based on the botanical assessment report on May 29, 2023. From the updated report on March 26, 2025, Layout 5 is proposed to be Neutral to low negative impact.

All of the proposed Layouts are located within a mapped Cape West Coast Biosphere Reserve that forms part of the protected and Conservation Areas Database.

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

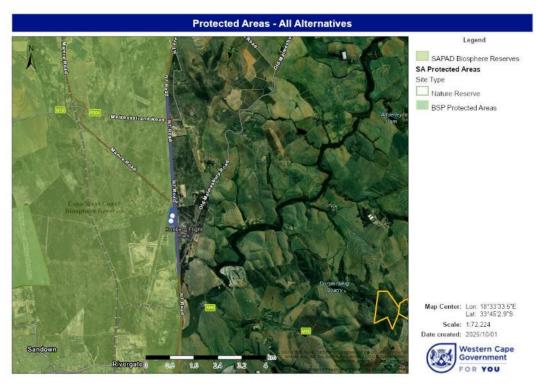


Figure 33. Mapped Cape West Coast Biosphere Reserve. (Cape Farm Mapper, 2025).

In accordance with the specialist Nick Helme, a formally Protected Area has been demarcated by the City of Cape Town as seen in the image below. Within the proposed preferred layout.

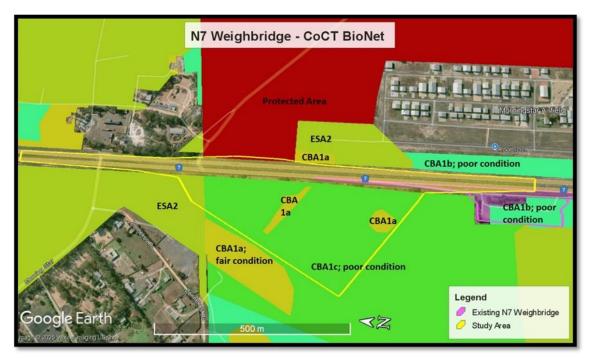


Figure 34. The City of Cape Town BioNet data (Helme, 2023).

A portion of the proposed weighbridge road infrastructure will be located east of the N7, just north of the Morningstar airfield. This development will encroach approximately 10 meters into the designated Protected Area known as the Van Schoorsdrift Conservation. The project requires

Environmental Impact Assessments - Basic Assessments - Environmental Management Planning

Environmental Control & Monitoring • Water Use License Applications • Aquatic Assessments

this encroachment to facilitate the widening and lengthening of the road, allowing for better traffic accommodation in conjunction with the new weighbridge. The protected area forms part of the CoCT Terrestrial Biodiversity Network, with an SDF category Core 1: Protected and Conserved.

From the terrestrial biodiversity perspective from Dr Visser of Blue Skies Research concluded that overall, none of the habitats on the site currently harbour any populations of faunal SCC, and furthermore exist in a degraded state. As such, the entire site is retrieved as having a "Very low" Site Ecological Importance where minimisation mitigation is acceptable and allowing for development activities of medium to high impact without restoration activities being required. The habitats and animal species present on the site do not play a significant role in the biodiversity or ecological patterns and processes within the surrounding area. Therefore, the loss of these habitats and species is unlikely to negatively impact local, regional, or national biodiversity goals. From a biodiversity standpoint, there is no reason to prevent the proposed development from moving forward under any of the suggested layouts.

**Conclusion:** Based on the specialists' outcomes and the EAP's perspective, the proposed development should be approved. SANBI and CapeNature will be included as I&AP's as part of the Public Participation processes.

### 4. SUMMARY OF APPLICABLE SPECIALIST STUDIES

Approximately 4 specialist studies will be undertaken.

Specialist assessment	Applicability	Assessment Protocol
Agricultural Compliance Statement	Yes	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_Agriculture_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Landscape/Vis ual Impact Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Archaeologica I and Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment	A NID has been submitted and ROD received for the project, and HWC has also been	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Palaeontology Impact Assessment	included in the Public Participation process	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Terrestrial Biodiversity Impact Assessment	Yes	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_Terrestrial_Biodiversity_Assessment_Protocols.pdf

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments



Aquatic Biodiversity Impact Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDo wnloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_Aquatic_B iodiversity_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Noise Impact Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_Noise_Impacts_Assessment_Protocol.pdf
Traffic Impact Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDownloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_Requirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Geotechnical Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDo wnloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_R equirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Socio- Economic Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDo wnloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_R equirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Ambient Air Quality Impact Assessment	No	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDo wnloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_General_R equirement_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Plant Species Assessment	Yes	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDo wnloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_Plant_Spe cies_Assessment_Protocols.pdf
Animal Species Assessment	Yes (as part of Terrestrial Biodiversity Assessment Compliance Statement)	https://screening.environment.gov.za/ScreeningDo wnloads/AssessmentProtocols/Gazetted_Animal_Sp ecies_Assessment_Protocols.pdf

## 5. CONCLUSION

From the findings of this report, SES proposes that the below recommended specialist inputs, will be sufficient to address the site sensitivities:

- Agricultural Compliance Statement
- Archaeological and Cultural Heritage (and Palaeontological) Statement and NID
- Terrestrial Biodiversity Compliance Statment
- Animal & Plant Species Compliance Statement

The aforementioned relevant specialist assessments will be undertaken and will contribute to the environmental assessment. Following consultation with the competent authority, additional assessments may be advised and undertaken.

All assessments will be undertaken in line with the protocols as promulgated for the respective themes. The requirements of the protocols have been incorporated into the Terms of References of the various specialists.

<sup>·</sup> Environmental Control & Monitoring · Water Use License Applications · Aquatic Assessments

